

RECEPTIVE LANGUAGE

WHAT IS RECEPTIVE LANGUAGE?

Receptive language, also known as 'listening skills' refers to the way we understand what we hear and read. Receptive language skills impact your child's ability to follow along in the classroom and make sense of what they are learning.

Areas of receptive language a speech pathologist may work on include following directions, understanding questions, concepts, and vocabulary, reading comprehension, figurative language and more. Below are some milestones.





In younger children (ages 3 to 5)

- Understands describing words (e.g. big, short, hard, soft)
- Understands quantity words (e.g. one, some, all)
- Understands who, what and where questions
- Knows positions (e.g. in, on top, next to, below)
- Identifies simple shapes and colours
- Listens to stories with interest
- Can tell what is happening in a picture
- Follows one and two step instructions



In older children (ages 6 and above)

- Understands 'same' and 'different'
- Understands negative sentences (e.g. point to the girl with no shoes)
- Follows the meaning of conversations
- Follows multi step directions
- Listens to and understands stories
- Can make inferences and interpretations about events, characters, and ideas
- Produces oral or written summaries
- Asks and responds to questions to aid comprehension





TRY THIS!

- Use visuals
- Verbal repetition
- Turning off electronics to help your child think clearly without interruptions
- Provide lots of examples and models (e.g. written example) to help your child remember or understand
- Practice recalling together by using sequencing words like 'first', 'next' and 'then'
- Be creative and create fun games!

WHEN TO REFER

If you have concerns about how well your child can understand speech and texts, contact a Speech Pathologist.

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